Algol 60

Version 6.1

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1 Implementation

The "Algol 60" language for DrRacket implements the language defined by the "Revised Report on the Algorithmic Language Algol 60," edited by Peter Naur.

2 Including Algol 60 Programs

Although Algol 60 is mainly provided as a DrRacket language, include-algol supports limited use of Algol 60 programs in larger programs.

```
(require algol60/algol60) package: algol60
(include-algol path-string)
```

Includes the Algol 60 program indicated by *path-string* as an expression in a Racket program. The included Algol 60 program is closed (i.e., it doesn't see any bindings in the included context), and the result is always #<void>.

```
(literal-algol string ...)
```

Evaluates the Algol 60 program indicated by the literal *strings* as an expression in a Racket program. The Algol 60 program is closed (i.e., it doesn't see any bindings in the included context), and the result is always #<void>.

This is generally useful when combined with the at-exp reader, e.g.,

```
#lang at-exp racket
@literal-algol{
   begin
      printsln ('hello world')
   end
}
```

3 Language

The DrRacket and include-algol implementation departs from the Algol 60 specification in the following minor ways:

- Strings are not permitted to contain nested quotes.
- Identifiers cannot contain whitespace.
- Argument separators are constrained to be identifiers (i.e., they cannot be keywords, and they cannot consist of multiple identifiers separated by whitespace.)
- Numbers containing exponents (using the "10" subscript) are not supported.

Identifiers and keywords are case-sensitive. The boldface/underlined keywords of the report are represented by the obvious character sequence, as are most operators. A few operators do not fit into ASCII, and they are mapped as follows:

```
times
                  *
quotient
                  div
                  \hat{}
exponential
less or equal
                  <=
greater or equal >=
not equal
                  ! =
equivalence
                  ==
implication
                  =>
and
                  &
or
                  1
                  !
negation
```

In addition to the standard functions, the following output functions are supported:

prints(E)prints the string Eprintsln(E)prints the string E followed by a newlineprintn(E)prints the number Eprintnln(E)prints the number E followed by a newline

A prompt in DrRacket's interactions area accepts whole programs only for the Algol 60 language.