Config: Installation and Search Paths

Version 5.3.1

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1 Configuring Directories and Search Paths

(require config)

The config library specifies the location of directories (such as the main documentation directory) and also directory search paths (such as a list of directories to search for documentation).

Note: Instead of requireing config directly, use the setup/dirs library, which combines information from config and other sources.

The config module must export the following values. In all cases where a delayed value is expected for an exported identifier, the value can be a delayed #f to indicate the default.

doc-dir : (promise/c (or/c path? string? bytes? false/c))

A delayed path, string, or byte string for the main documentation directory. It defaults to a "doc" sibling directory of the main collection directory.

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lib-dir : (promise/c (or/c path? string? bytes? false/c))
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A delayed path, string, or byte string for the main directory containing C libraries and build information; it defaults to a "lib" sibling directory of the main collection directory.

dll-dir : (promise/c (or/c path? string? bytes? false/c))

A delayed path, string, or byte string for a directory containing Unix shared libraries for the main executable; it defaults to the main C-library directory

include-dir : (promise/c (or/c path? string? bytes? false/c))

A delayed path, string, or byte string for the main directory containing C header files; it defaults to an "include" sibling directory of the main collection directory.

bin-dir : (promise/c (or/c path? string? bytes? false/c))

A delayed path, string, or byte string for the main directory containing executables; it defaults to a "bin" sibling directory of the main collection directory.

doc-search-dirs : (promise/c (or/c path? string? bytes? false/c))

A delayed path, string, byte string, or #f representing the search path for documentation; each #f in the list, if any, is replaced with the default search path, which is the user- and version-specific "doc" directory followed by the main documentation directory.

lib-search-dirs : (promise/c (or/c path? string? bytes? false/c))

Like doc-search-dirs, but for directories containing C libraries and other build information

include-search-dirs : (promise/c (or/c path? string? bytes? false/c))

Like doc-search-dirs, but for directories containing C header files

absolute-installation? : boolean?

A (simple, non-delayed) boolean that is #t if the installation uses absolute path names, #f otherwise.

cgc-suffix : (promise/c (or/c string? false/c))

A delayed string used as the suffix (before the actual suffix, such as ".exe") for a "CGC" executable. Use Windows-style casing, and the string will be downcased as appropriate (e.g., for a Unix binary name). A #f value means that if the mzscheme binary identifies itself as CGC, then the suffix is "", otherwise it is "CGC".

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3m-suffix : (promise/c (or/c string? false/c))
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Analogous to cgc-suffix, but for 3m. A #f value means that if the "mzscheme" binary identifies itself as CGC, then the suffix is "3m", otherwise it is "".

2 Overriding the Installation's Configuration

A user can override an installation's configuration through a "config" collection in the user's collection directory (which normally takes precedence over the main collection directory).

3 Configuration Language

(require setup/configtab)

The setup/configtab library defines a language module that can be used to implement config.

When $\mathtt{setup/configtab}$ is used as a language module, the module body must consist of a sequence of

(define id val)

declarations, where each *id* is one of the names that the config library must export, and *val* is an expression for the value (which will be automatically wrapped with delay when needed). If a required export has no corresponding define, a definition with #f is inserted automatically.